

Table 1: Comparison of depressed ( $\geq 12$ ) and non-depressed participants

	Not depressed; n=77(57%)		Depressed; n=57 (43%)		$\chi^2$
	n(%)	Mean (SD)	n(%)	Mean(SD)	
<i>Demographics</i>					
Age		40.34(SD=9.84)		44.4(SD=11.66)	
Marital Status					1.20
Not Married	64(83%)		43(75%)		
Married	13(17%)		14(25%)		
Education					3.82*
NO GED/HS	8(10%)		13(23%)		
GED/HS	69(90%)		44(77%)		
Religion					.161
Muslim	31(40%)		21(37%)		
Christian	46(60%)		36(63%)		
<i>Criminal Background</i>					
Previous Incarceration					.031
No	39(51%)		28(49%)		
Yes	38(49%)		29(50%)		
Length of previous sentence		39.8(SD=69.46)		43.5(SD=67.88)	
On Probation and/or Parole					7.98*
No	55(71%)		27(47%)		
Yes	22(29%)		30(53%)		
Current Offense					.028
Non-violent	24(31%)		17(30%)		
Violent	53(69%)		40(70%)		
Current Sentence (months)		440.8(SD=304.14)		462.5(SD=308.32)	
Total Time Incarcerated (months)		136.9(SD=113.52)		185.3(SD=126.99)	
Time to Release (months)		318.3(SD=253.02)		291.1(SD=255.91)	

\*  $p < .05$

Table 2: Logistic regression on depression status among incarcerated African-American men (N=134)

<b>Variable</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95% CI</b>
Age	1.03	.99–1.08
Marital Status (reference: unmarried)	.79	.31–2.07
Education (reference: no H.S. education/GED)	2.88†	.96–8.59
On Probation/Parole (reference: no)	.27*	.11–.67
Previous Incarceration (reference: no)	2.15	.85–5.44
Time Incarcerated	1.12	.66–1.89
Sentence Received	.89	.55–1.42

†p<.10

\*p<.01